

Crastin® LW9330 BK851

THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER RESIN

Common features of Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin include mechanical and physical properties such as stiffness and toughness, heat resistance, friction and wear resistance, excellent surface finishes and good colourability. Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin has excellent electrical insulation characteristics and high arc-resistant grades are available. Many flame retardant grades have UL recognition (class V-0). Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin typically has high chemical and heat ageing resistance.

The good melt stability of Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin normally enables the recycling of properly handled production waste. If recycling is not possible, we recommend, as the preferred option, incineration with energy recovery (-24 kJ/g of base polymer) in appropriately equipped installations. For disposal, local regulations have to be observed.

Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin typically is used in demanding applications in the electronics, electrical, automotive, mechanical engineering, chemical, domestic appliances and sporting goods industry.

Crastin® LW9330 BK851 is a 30% glass fiber reinforced polybutylene terephthalate blend for injection moulding. It has improved surface aesthetics, excellent dimensional stability and low warpage characteristics.

Product information

Resin Identification	PBT+SAN-GF30	ISO 1043
Part Marking Code	>PBT+SAN-GF30<	ISO 11469

Typical mechanical properties

Tensile Modulus	9600 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at break, 5mm/min	133 MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Strain at break, 5mm/min	2.2 %	ISO 527-1/-2
Charpy impact strength, 23°C	50 kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	8 kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Izod notched impact strength, 23°C	7 kJ/m ²	ISO 180/1A
Poisson's ratio	0.34	

Thermal properties

Melting temperature, 10°C/min	225 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min	110 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
RTI, electrical, 0.75mm	130 °C	UL 746B
RTI, electrical, 1.5mm	130 °C	UL 746B
RTI, electrical, 3mm	130 °C	UL 746B
RTI, impact, 0.75mm	125 °C	UL 746B
RTI, impact, 1.5mm	125 °C	UL 746B
RTI, impact, 3mm	130 °C	UL 746B
RTI, strength, 0.75mm	130 °C	UL 746B
RTI, strength, 1.5mm	130 °C	UL 746B
RTI, strength, 3mm	130 °C	UL 746B

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Flammability

Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn.	HB class	UL 94
Thickness tested	1.5 mm	UL 94
UL recognition	yes	UL 94
Burning Behav. at thickness h	HB class	UL 94
Thickness tested	0.75 mm	UL 94
UL recognition	yes	UL 94
Glow Wire Flammability Index, 0.75mm	700 °C	IEC 60695-2-12
Glow Wire Flammability Index, 1.5mm	700 °C	IEC 60695-2-12
Glow Wire Flammability Index, 3mm	775 °C	IEC 60695-2-12
Glow Wire Ignition Temperature, 0.75mm	725 °C	IEC 60695-2-13
Glow Wire Ignition Temperature, 1.5mm	725 °C	IEC 60695-2-13
Glow Wire Ignition Temperature, 3mm	800 °C	IEC 60695-2-13
FMVSS Class	B	ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)
Burning rate, Thickness 1 mm	32 mm/min	ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)

Other properties

Density	1420 kg/m ³	ISO 1183
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Injection

Drying Recommended	yes	
Drying Temperature	120 °C	
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	2 - 4 h	
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.04 %	
Melt Temperature Optimum	250 °C	Internal
Min. melt temperature	240 °C	
Max. melt temperature	260 °C	
Mold Temperature Optimum	80 °C	
Min. mould temperature	30 °C	
Max. mould temperature	130 °C	
Hold pressure range	≥60 MPa	
Hold pressure time	3 s/mm	
Back pressure	As low as possible	
Ejection temperature	170 °C	Internal

Chemical Media Resistance

Acids

- ✓ Acetic Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Citric Acid solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Lactic Acid (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Hydrochloric Acid (36% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Nitric Acid (40% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Sulfuric Acid (38% by mass), 23°C

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- ✗ Sulfuric Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✗ Chromic Acid solution (40% by mass), 23°C

Bases

- ✗ Sodium Hydroxide solution (35% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (1% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Ammonium Hydroxide solution (10% by mass), 23°C

Alcohols

- ✓ Isopropyl alcohol, 23°C
- ✓ Methanol, 23°C
- ✓ Ethanol, 23°C

Hydrocarbons

- ✓ n-Hexane, 23°C
- ✓ Toluene, 23°C
- ✓ iso-Octane, 23°C

Ketones

- ✓ Acetone, 23°C

Ethers

- ✓ Diethyl ether, 23°C

Mineral oils

- ✓ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 23°C
- ✗ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 130°C
- ✗ SAE 80/90 hypoid-gear oil, 130°C
- ✓ Insulating Oil, 23°C

Standard Fuels

- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 1 - E5, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 2 - M15E4, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 3 - M3E7, 60°C
- ✗ ISO 1817 Liquid 4 - M15, 60°C
- ✓ Standard fuel without alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid C), 23°C
- ✓ Standard fuel with alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid 4), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 90°C
- ✗ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), >90°C

Salt solutions

- ✓ Sodium Chloride solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hypochlorite solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (20% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (2% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Zinc Chloride solution (50% by mass), 23°C

Other

- ✓ Ethyl Acetate, 23°C
 - ✗ Hydrogen peroxide, 23°C
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- ✗ DOT No. 4 Brake fluid, 130°C
- ✗ Ethylene Glycol (50% by mass) in water, 108°C
- ✓ 1% nonylphenoxy-polyethyleneoxy ethanol in water, 23°C
- ✓ 50% Oleic acid + 50% Olive Oil, 23°C
- ✓ Water, 23°C
- ✗ Water, 90°C
- ✓ Phenol solution (5% by mass), 23°C

Symbols used:

- ✓ possibly resistant
Defined as: Supplier has sufficient indication that contact with chemical can be potentially accepted under the intended use conditions and expected service life. Criteria for assessment have to be indicated (e.g. surface aspect, volume change, property change).
 - ✗ not recommended - see explanation
Defined as: Not recommended for general use. However, short-term exposure under certain restricted conditions could be acceptable (e.g. fast cleaning with thorough rinsing, spills, wiping, vapor exposure).
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